that section 1 of article XI of the Con-ciliarion of the state of Missouri be and the same is hereby amended, by adding to sa.d section the following words, to-wit. "and may establish and maintain free public schools for the gratuitous mu-struction of all persons in this state be-tween five and all years of age, and over twenty years of age," so that said section twent five and all years of age, and twenty years of age, so that said section when so amended shall read.

when so amended shall read.

Section 1. A general diffusion of knowledge and intelligence being essential to the preservation of the rights and liberties of the people, the general assembly shall establish and maintain free public schools for the gratuitous instruction of all persons in the state between the ages of six and twenty years, and may establish and maintain free public schools for the gratuitous instruction of all persons in this state between five and six years of age and over twenty years of age."

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

Joint and concurrent resolution sub-mitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof authorizing an in-crease of indebtedness in the county of St. Louis for the purpose of construct-ing savers, or for the purpose of pur-chasing or constructing waterworks.

He it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring

of Representatives concurring therein, as rollows.

At the general election to be held en the Tuesday next following the Breat Monday in November. A D 1312 an amendment to the thorstitution of Missouri shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state. In the following words. The country of Rt Louis with the assent of two-thirds of the voters of the country voting at an enverient to be held for that purpose, may be allowed to become in-debted in a larger amount than a specified ten (X) of the Constitution of this than, not exceeding an additional five (b) per centum on the value of the tax able property within the country, for the purpose of constructing district sweer in districts within such resinites which districts shall be held out by the country court on petition of two-thirds of the cwners of real property within any such property within the district shall be subject to an annual special tax levy in proportion to area of late and tracts, for the purpose of paying the interest on such district switch the district shall be subject to an annual special tax levy in proportion to area of late and tracts, for the purpose of paying the interest on such district switch ten illy years from the time of constructing the same, all in be done in the manner to be provided by law, or for the purpose of purchasing or constructing that same and protection said others, under proper contracts, regulations and rates, and under appropriate management, to be approved by the country court or by comminatures of water management, to be approved by the country country of the country country and the country country and the manner to be approved by the country country and the country country or by comminatures of water management, to be approved by the country country or by comminatures of water and the country country or by comminatures of water country country country or lations and rates, and under appropriate management, to be approved by the county court or by comminatories of water-works, as may be provided by law frowthe, as may be provided by law frowthe, as may be provided by law frowther, as may such recently incorring any such waterworks indeptedness with the assent of the voters as aforesaid, shall have the proved and at the lawting of such indeptedness shall contract to provide and sale on a single of such indeptedness shall contract to provide and miser in annual tax. In admitsion to the offers tax as previded for by the Conveiltation, sufficient to pay any interest failing due on such waterworks for the trainings and the one of such county waterworks, and the said waterworks in dails admit the part heading it county well to a secured debt and a lieu input the said system of debt and a lieu input the said system of or said roughty shall be a secured and a lime those the said system as works and waterworks property data and lies may be enforced by

waterworks system and waterwices project, any provision in the state Constitution to the contrary metwithstanding THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

Joint and concurrent resolution automitting to the qualified voters of Missouri an amendment to section 11, article 10, of the Constitution thereof concerning taxation.

Be It received by the Senate, the Proper of Representatives omourned inserin

He it removed by the Secution the House of Representatives obtained in the recent That at the general election in Se held on the Tuesday next following the first Marday in November. A Is interior tonglined and twelfer the following amount of the section II, of actuals to of the Continuity of the state of Massouri should be achieved to the qualified voters of the state to wit.

That section II, article 10, of the Continuity of the elast of Missouri be amounted by striking out the word with it is an in a transfer of the state of Missouri be amounted by striking out the word. The word is the section II, article 10, of the Continuity of the base in the word in the section of the state of Missouri be amounted by striking out the word. Brity in line 21 there are not the word. The word is the section of the sect dead during a valuation, in countries having six realizes dealers and maker ten million delians, sold rate shall not exceed forthy cents on the functional declars valuation. The countries barring ten million delians, said rate shall not exceed fifty rents on the hundred delians valuation, and in countries barring theirly million declars or more, solds rate shall not exceed flighty five cents on the hundred delians valuation. For city and town purposes, the annual rate on property in elites and towns having theirly thousand inhabitants or more shall not in the aggregate, exceed one hundred come on the oce hundred delians valuation, in cities and towns baving less than the transmit and rate shall not exceed one hundred cents on the hundred delians valuation, in cities and towns having less than ten thousand and more than one thousand inhabitants, said rate shall not exceed in the form of the hundred delians that the countries delication, and in towns having less than the thousand and more than one thousand inhabitants, said rate shall not exceed ninety cents on the hundred delication, and in towns having one thousand ishabitants, said rate shall not exceed ninety cents on the hundred dollars saluation, and in towns having one thusand inhabitants, or less, said rate shall not exceed twenty-five cents on the hundred dollars valuation. For school purposes in districts composed of cities when have one hundred thousand inhabitants or more, the annual rate of the said and the organism in districts composed of cities which have one hundred thousand inminimals or more, the annual rate or
country shall not exceed sixty cents quime increased provided, the aforesaid
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increase and the purpose for which it is

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MISSOURI.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the voters of the state of missouri an amendment to section 1 of article XI. of the Constitution of Missouri relating to education.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of hepresentatives concurring therein. That at the general election to be held in this state on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November. 1912, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such county, city or school district, voting at such election, shall vote therefor. The rate heads assessment for state and county purposes, and the rate allowed to each city or town by the number of inhabitants, according to the last assessment for state, or of the United States, said restriction as to rates shall apply to taxes of every kind and description, whether general or special, except taxes to pay valid indebtedness now existing, or bonds which may be issued in renewal of such indebtedness. Provided, that the city of St. Louis may levy for municipal purposes and discount for adoption or rejection the following constitutional amendment, to-wit.

That section 1 of article XI of the Contract of the contract of the people, and two-thirds of the voters of such county, city or school district, voting at such election, shall vote therefor. The rate heads to the amount of taxable property therein, according to the last assessment for state and county purposes, and the rate allowed to each county shall be accertained by the amount of taxable property therein, according to the last assessment for state and county purposes, and the rate allowed to each county shall be accertained by the amount of taxable property therein, according to the last assessment for state and county purposes, and the rate allowed to each county shall be accertained by the amount of taxable property therein, according to the last assessment for state and county shall be accertained by the amount of taxable property therein, accord

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

Joint and concurrent resolution provid-ing for the repeal of section 2 of article 8 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri, relating to suffrage and elec-tions and the enactment of a new sec-tion in lieu thereof, to be known as section 2 of article 8.

He it removed by the Henate, the House of Representatives concurring therein, as follows:

That at the general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November A. D. 1912. There shall be submitted for adoption to the qualified vaters of the state the following constitutional amendment, to-wit. That section 2 of article 8 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri be and the same is hereby repealed and the following new section charted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 2. Section 2. Every male citizen of the United States, and every male person of foreign birth who shall (have) become a citizen of the United States according to

United States, and every many become foreign birth who shall (have) become citizen of the United States according law by complying with all of the laws naturalization in relation thereto, who over the age of twenty-one years, po sessing the following qualiffications sha be entitled to vote at all elections by t

First. He shall have resided in the state one year immediately preceding the election at which he offers to vote. Second. He shall have resided in the county, city or town where ne shall offer to vote at least staty days immediately preceding the election.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND

Joint and concurrent resolution autimiting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof, providing for the registration of all voters in all counties having a population of fifty thousand inhabitants or more and which adjains a city having a population of three hundred thousand inhabitants or more.

lie it remitted by the House of Represen-tatives, the Senate concurring therein

That at the general election to be held in this state on the Tuesday next fol-lowing the first Monday in November, 1912, the following amendment to the Constitution of the state of Missouri shall be salmitted to the qualified voters of

he salimitted to the qualified voters of this state, to-wit Bectlon 1. That the general assembly may provide, by law, for the registration of all voters in all counties having a population of fifty theosand inhabitants or more, and which adjoins a city having a population of three hundred thousand inhabitants or more

Proposed By Initiative Petition. SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

Providing for raising all revenue by taxes on land, inheritances and franchises for public service utilities exempting from taxation all personal property and improvements on land, abuilabing pell taxes and occupation taxes for revenue purposes; abbilishing the constitutional ilmitation upon the rates of taxation for state, county, school and municipal purposes and providing that the laws regulating the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors shall remain unaffected hereby.

Proposed amendment by initiative re-

Proposed amendment by initiative per tion) to the Constitution of the ibmirting to the legal votors of the ibmirting to the legal votors of the late of Missour; for their approval or late of Missour; for their approval election to be elected at the Tupestey next following the eld or the Tupestey next following the eld or the Tupestey next following the noting new sections relating to revenue and laxation to strice X.

He is ensured by the people of the State of Missoury

Section I All property new subject to axation shall be clearlied for purposes of taxation said for exemption from taxa-tion, as follows:

con, as follows:
Class see aball behinds all personal cuporty. All bonds and public accurring f the state and of the political wall-brisis and multifluillies thereof, most between the same behandle in the exempt from 1 taxes, state and bon, from and after the adoption of this among property and all ther personal property shall be exer-ron all taxes state and bond, in the ro-rels and thetestics. Provided that no me is this amendment stall be constr-

ing is this amendment stall be construed as incling or deciding the power of the state to is a my form of franchise, privilege or inheritance.

Glass two shall include all improvements in or or lands except improvements in or on lands except inprovements in or on lands now exempt from taxation by law. In the years 1914 And 1815, all property in class two shall be exempt from all taxes, state and least to the extent of one-fourth of the seasons of value of such property, in the mesed value of such property, in the extent of two sears 1918 and 1917, to the extent of twofourths, in the years 1918 and 1918 to the
extent of three fourths, and in the year
1979 and thereafter all property in class
two shall be exempt from all taxes, state
and local Pravided, however, that in the
year 1914 and thereafter the improvements to the extent of the end in assessed value on the bomestead of every
homestedder, or head of a family, shall
be exempt from all taxes, state and local
Class three shall include all loads in
the state, independent of the improvements thereon or therein, except lands
now exempt from taxalion by her and
shall also include all franchises for public
service utilities, and no property in class
three shall ever be exempt from taxa-

service utilities, and no property in class three shall ever be exempt from taxs

three shall ever be exempt from taxation.
Section 2. All property subject to taxation in this state shall be assessed for
taxes at its true and action value.
Section 2. No poil tax shall be levied
or collected in Missaurt nor shall any
tax whatswever be levied or imposed on
any person. firm merchant, marinfocturer, trade, isbor, business, occupation or
profession, under the form or private of
a firmness for revenue after Devember Har,
1913, but nothing berein shall be constricted as affecting the Hermann place astings, in the interest of the public peace,
insaith or safety; and nothing herein conorined shall be construed as changing the
present laws governing the regulation of
the manufacture and sale of fermented,
vinous and spirituous fluors.
Section 4. The existing constitutions,
limitations upon the rates of taxation for
state, county, school and municipal purposes shall have no force and effect after
January 1st, 1914.
Bection 5. The general assembly shall
provide the legislation necessary to, secure full and effective compliance wits
the purposes and litent of this amendment. Nothing in this amendment shall
be construed to limit the initiative and
referendum powers reserved by the poople.

referendum powers reserved by the p

Proposed By Initiative Petition. SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

Abolishing the present state board of equalization and providing for appointment by the governor, in lieu of such board, of a state tax commission, and prescribing the number, qualifications, duties and salaries of the members thegeof.

Hyposed amendment, by initiative petition, to the state Constitution of Missouri submitting to the legal veters of the state for their approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1912, repealing section 15 of article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri and enacting in

lies thereof a new section to be known as section 18, creating a state tax com-missios

Be it ensated by the people of the State

of Missouri:

Section 18. The present state board of equalization shall be abolished on January Ist, 1913, and in its stead a state tax commission of three members is hereby created, to be appointed by the governor, who shall in the beginning appoint one member for two years, one member for three years and one member for four years and all subsequent regular appointments shall be for terms of four years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The terms of those appointed shall begin February 1st, 1912, and the salary shall not be less than \$1,500.00 per year each. No member shall at the same time hold any other state, federal or governmental position or office, elective or appointive. It shall be the duty of said commission to see that the laws concerning the assessment of property and the levy and collection of the duty of said commission to see that the laws concerning the assessment of property and the levy and collection of taxes are faithfully enforced, to adjust and equalize the valuation of property ameng the several gountles and the city of St. Louis, and to perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law. The general assembly shall provide the legislation necessary to secure full and effective compilance with the purpose and intent of this amendment. Nothing in this amendment shall be construed to limit the initiative and referendum powers reserved by the people.

Proposed By Initiative Petition. EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

Providing that grand juries. In investigating elections, may open ballot boxes, compel the production of registration lists, voting lists and tally sheets; providing for trials on indictments returned in such investigations; prescribing the manner of selection and the qualifications of election officials; requiring policemen to be stationed in and near polling places in certain cities and prescribing the manner of voting therein.

Proposed amendment to the Constitution of Missouri, to be submitted to the legal voters thereof, for their approval or legal voters thereof, for their approval or rejection at the regular general election to be held on Tuesday, the fifth day of November, A. D. 1912, and empowering trand juries to investigate offenses committed in elections to return indictments thereon, and providing for the trial upon such indictments in the courts, his providing for the manner of conducting elections, the duties of officers and voters with reference thereto, and the qualifications and selection of judges and cieras of election throughout the state and in cities of 25,000 inhabitants or more.

Section 1. The ballot shall remain we

ection I. The ballot shall remain se-t in Massouri, but where crime has a committed in any election secrety il yield to justice, and no impediment il be placed in the way of the de-ion, prosecution and conviction of the ty. The investigation of all elections which it is sought to open ballot buses earch of crime shall be conducted by rand here commissed of commission. in which it is sengint to open ballot boxes in search of crime shall be conducted by a grand jury composed of competent, intelligent citizens of high moral character. Such grand jury shall have power to compet the production of registration lists, voting lists, taily sheets and all documentary evidence of every kind, also to compet the production of ballot boxes to open the same and examine the ballots, also to subpoens witnesses and lake their testimony, also to compare any part of the evidence, oral, with any other part of the evidence by the examine the ballots were as voted. The jury, grand or petit, shall decide under the law and all the tairs whether or not ballots have been willfully and knowingly tempered with or changed or misread, or falsely counted, or false ballots pieced in their sead upon any indictment recurred a speedy public rial whall be had and the ballots and documentary and oral evidence considered by the grand toy and speedy public trial shall be had, and ballats and documentary and oral dense considered by the grand jury other competent evidence, may be it duced in the trial under the rules of A grand jury for the hivestigation elections as above provided, shall railed in each county and in any with a government independent of county, by the several judges through the state empiwered by his to call a luriest within thirty days after each eral election, or if a judicial circumdustrict is composed of several count then at the max term of the court it state. then at the meat term of the court is after Shad grand jury shall take place of a regular around grand now provided for by law to invest elections and for other purplets when convened shall possess at the ers as to investigations ers as to investigations and the indomenent of offenders for foliaties and mission of offenders for foliaties and mission of the large of the out of specifically charge such grand part to imperating the parent grand part to investigate the parending general section, is because them to terredigate of remiers in other elections not barred student he has by limitation. Section II. Competent persons who receive the protection of the law who we it to the state to all as election of the out of the law and officials, and their deals of the very high-remiers and character to be found shall be

sines magnitude of tuniness, and proves siness indiffuse however excited, shall estable mode sections in the different index sections in the collection and the diffuse of they demand all fulges and cierks of classions exists above 12, she imadeliants shall be the collection of cleritors of the clerito

but legislation may be enacted to facili-tate its operation. Section III. Any constitutional pre-vision, or law, or part thereof, in conflict with this amendment is heroby repealed. Proposed By Initiative Petition. NINTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

Providing for levying and collecting, on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation, a state tax of ten cents for the support of the public elementary and high schools, state normals, Lincoln institute and the State University.

and high schools, state normals, Lincoln institute and the State University. Proposed amendment to the Constitution of Missouri to be submitted to the legal voters of the state of Missouri for their approval or rejection at the regular general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1912, providing for revenue for the support of public education, by adding to article X of the Constitution one new section to be known as section twenty-eight (28), which is in words and figures as follows:

Section 22. A state tax of ten cents on each one hundred dollars' valuation shall be annually levied and collected on the assessed value of all property subject by law to trixation in this state. The proceeds of said tax shall be set apart in the state treasury and appropriated by the general assembly for the support and maintenance of public elementary and high schools, state normal schools, Lincoln listitute, and the State University but in no case shall there be appropriated less than twenty-five per cent of said proceeds to be used in adding public elementary and high schools.

STATE OF MISSOURI.

mentary and high schools.

STATE OF MISSOURI.
Department of State.

1. Cornelius Rosch, Secretary of State of the State of Missouri, hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and complete copy of the five joint and concurrent resolutions of the Forty-sixth General Assembly of the State of Missouri of the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of Missouri also, of the four amendments to the Constitution proposed by initiative petition, to be submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Missouri at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the fifth day of November, 1912.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the Great Soul of the State of Missouri. Done at office in the City of Jefferson, this 3rd day of September, A. D. 1912.

[Seal]

[Beal SECRETARY OF STATE

DESTROY THE STORKS

IN GERMANY THEY ARE CONSID-ERED ENEMIES OF SPORT.

Prejudice is Resulting in Their Systematic Slaughter in Parts of the Fatherland, and the Birds Are Rapidly Being Thinned Out.

No one who has any delight in Hans Andersen's tales can bear unmoved that the stork has fallen upon evil times. Four years ago it was noticed that they were building less on Turkish house-tops and their diminishing numbers were regarded by the superstitious Ottomans as an evil omen for the future of the race in Europe. On leaving Europe at the end of summer, they seem to penetrate far down the interior of Africa. One that had been caught and marked in Prussia was captured in Natal, near Colenso. Whether the disappearance of wild animals from South Africa before the advance of the settlers also affects the storks is a question not yet settled

However that may be, attention is being drawn anew to their dwindling numbers in Alsace, now that they are getting ready to beave for the south. man scientists have ascertained that they are also getting fewer in the Palatinate, Hessy, and Franconia The country people are making valiant efforts to maintain the numbers of their visitors by placing artificial nests on the roofs of their bouses, and even by feeding them artificially

But the torks in Germany have to contend with a prefudice most difficult to eradicate. They are looked upon as enemies of sport. It is true that they sometimes raid the families of hares or find their food in ponds well stocked with fish. But the damage they do in this way is negligible a comparision with the great boon they confer on farmers by destroying

mice and moles. If we we are to believe the German ernithological paper "Mittellungen iber die Vogelwelt," a bad example n the treatment of this useful bird has been set in high places. The Grand Duke of Oldenburg is said to have given orders for the curtailing of the number of storks in his state Fifty per cent of them are to be shot down By depriving the female birds of their male admirers, the Grand

a stop to this work of destruction | dered for untold ages. in Alsace happily such brutal methods are unknown. There the bird which symbolizes such venerable traditions s treated with universal respect.

Voicing His Plea, "Not guilty!" exclaimed the prisoner. "An Oi can prove it!"

"That remains to be seen," observed the judge

"Whio," continued the prisoner in aggieved tones. "when the man was obbed, yer worship, what could Of there at all at all, but was three doors down beyont the lamppost moinding the baby? Sure, eny one in the strate could have heard me singin' away, for it's a moighty powerful ofce Of have, an' it's many a toime

"Stop-stop," cried the judge angri-"What on earth has your voice to do with it?"

"He only means, your worship." explained Pat's counsel, smiling blandly, that he can prove a lullaby."-An-

Solish Expedition to Search for Lost Continent.

Coast of Yucatan the Scene of the Operations, and Result May Be the Discovery of the Much-Discussed Atlantis.

London.-Yet another party of treasure hunters has sailed from England. This time the search is for no paltry hoard hidden by an old time pirate, nor for a mere million or two of giden doubloons sunk in some Spanish galleon. This latest expedition is to go diving for a lost continent, Atlantis perhaps, and salvage the countless millions worth of gold and gems and art treasures of the sunken cities of a region as large as all Europe.

At the head of the expedition is Bernard Meekham, an English explorer. His plans include the employment of a huge floating dry dock, at least a dozen submarines for work on the sea bottom and a hundred or more expert divers.

For nearly a hundred years, says Meekham, Yucatan fishermen have been bringing up from the waters along the coast beautifully carved stones, vases and small objects of gold and silver. These fishermen are Maya Indians, who believes themselves to be the descendants of a once mighty race. They hold these treasures of the deep as sacred and when asked where they get them reply that they have been given them by their forefathers

The reports of these finds led Meekham to explore the ruined cities of ancient civilization scattered all along ducing a ring, "which is the right finthe coast of Yucatan. He thus became convinced of the existence of a once populous and rich country, swallowed by the sea long ages ago, but still ac Nineteen years old and never been cessible. First of all, engineers and investi-

gators were sent to Yucatan. Their reports showed that the country marked for exploitation had apparently sunk over an immense irregular land surface stretching along the twentieth parallel and breaking away from what is now the northern coast of South America and the eastern coast of Central America. Further observations showed that the temples, palaces and houses which formed the cities of this lost country were in far better condition than the land-buried cities of Yucatan and Guatemala Several valuable objects of gold and silver encrusted with jewels and recovered by the crude methods necessarily employed by the searchers made it practically certain that the inhabitants of the doomed land had not had time to escape with their wealth before the final catastrope.

These discoveries, together with the traces found in the buried cities of Yucatan of a once powerful and enlightened race, indicate a wonderful civilization that was in existence long And now he's sittin out there watch-Even when the Spanish conquista dores invaded Yucatan these mysterious cities had been in ruins for centuries

Submarines and divers will be employed to explore and loot the sunken cities. These submarines of the curi



Ruined City in Yucatan

Duke hopes to "cut down the birth- ous Pine type, fitted with steel arms ate." The German paper containing ending in immense claws controlled his announcement protests against a from within the boat, will crawl about surbarity which deprives villages of the sunken cities and carry the treasheir old-established guests, but it was which the drivers bring them to olds that similar cases are reported the under water platform of the huge from Upper Franconia, where the dry dock above. From the surface of owners of sporting estates are actual- the sea steel tubes will also drop into compelling the peasants to remove the depths of the Caribbean, and from the storks nests perched on their cot | their ends will pour streams of light, illuminating street where only the The paper appeals to the public to scaly denizens of the deep have wan-

"Everybody's Doin' It" in London and Ordinary Ceylon and Chinese Brands Are Barred.

London-If you want to be in the fashion you must drink mint tea Ordinary Ceylon or China won't do. and, anyway, mint tea is fine for the complexion. Grand Duchess George of Russia says so. Mint tea is all the: be doin' in the house when Oi wasn't | rage in the fashionable houses of Hel gravia and Mayfair, and owes its in troduction to the Russian princess.

Tries Odd Suicide in Jail.

Huntingdon, Pa -- By swallowing match heads and ground glass, Frank Ronello, on trial for murder, tried to commit suicide. Sticking his handkerchief in his mouth when physicians responded to the call, he refused to swallow medicine and had to be held while hypodermics were used to compel him to vomit. He was gotten out of danger and then a jury convicted

SEEK SUNKEN CITIES SHARP PAINS IN THE BACK

Point to Hidden Kidney Trouble.

lame back, aching day and

Do you feel a sharp pain after bending over? When the kidneys seem sore and the action irregular, use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have

A Texas

cured thousands.

Case-J. H. Lee, 415 W. Wainut St., Cleburne, Tex., says. 'For four years I endured misery from gravel. Morphine was my only relief. I had terrible pain in my back and it was hard for me to pass the kidney sourcetons. Donn's Kidney Pills cared me and since I took them I have been well."

Get Donn's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box DOAN'S KIDINEY FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

Never judge a man by his cost; he may owe the tailor.

Mean Hint.

"Men are what their diet makes them "

"You must have been eating a great deal of sheepshead fish lately.

Usual One. "What is the latest thing which Mrs. Cooks has in the way of a

pickle? "I guess it is her husband."

Unsophisticated.

"Darling," said the fond youth, pro-

"For goodness sake, Algy" responded the maiden, "don't you know? engaged to a girl before!"

Neglect and Cruelty.

"So you want a divorce?" said the lawver

"Yes," replied the woman with tear-stained cheeks. "He has been guilty of neglect and cruelty." "In what respects""

"He neglected to feed the bird while was away and says the cruelest things he can think of about Fido."

Explains the Undertaker's Grouch. Who is that fellow sitting humped up and muttering to himself out there

the horse block " 'Aw, that's Ezra Toombs, the undertaker," replied the landlord of the Skeedee tavern. "He's feeling sore over the way his business has been going of late. You see, the doctor gave Judge Feebies two weeks to live; that was six weeks ago, and the judge is up and around now and figgerin' on marryin' again. Every time Exra meets the doctor he asks him. 'How ing a tramp painter gilding the weath er vane of the church across the street. Erra says, by Heck, he's about ready to move away, things is so dead here."-Kansas City Star.

Righteous Indignation.

Little Ruth was the youngest daughter in a very strict Presbyterian famfly that especially abhorred profanity, One day little Ruth became exceedingly exasperated with one of her dollies. In her buby vocabulary she could find an words to express adequately

her disapproval of dolls's conduct. Finally, throwing the offending dolly across the room, she cried, feel-

"My gracious! I wish I belonged to a family that sweared!"

"GOOD STUFF." A Confirmed Coffee Drinker Takes to Postum.

A housewife was recently surprised when cook served Postum instead of coffee. She says:

"For the last five or six years I have been troubled with nervousness, indigestion and heart trouble I couldn't get any benefit from the doctor's medicine so finally he ordered me to stop drinking coffee, which I did.

"I drank hot water while taking the doctor's medicine with some improvement, then went back to coffee with the same old trouble as before.

"A new servant girl told me about Postum-said her falks used it and liked it in place of coffee. We got a package but I told her I did not believe my husband would like it, as he

was a great coffee drinker MINT TEA ALL THE RAGE third cup, said it was 'good stuff' and wanted to know what it was have used Postum ever since and both

feel better than we have in years "My husband used to have bad spells with his stomach and would be sick three or four days, during which time he could not eat or drink anything. But since he gave up coffee and took to Postum, he has had no more trouble, and we now fully be-

lieve it was all caused by coffee. "I have not had any return of my former troubles since drinking Ppstum, and feel better and can do more work than in the last ten years. We tell everyone about it -some say they tried it and did not like it. I tell them it makes all the difference as to how it's made. It should be made according to directions-then it is delicious."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever rend the above letter? A one appears from time to fime. are genuine, true, and full of he in ... -et. Adv.